



# OPEN SOURCE SOFTWARE FOR SCIENTIFIC AND PARALLEL COMPUTING

Open Source SG

Virtual meeting starting shortly...

# Future Meetings

**Thursday 16<sup>th</sup> July**

FPGA evening

**Monday 20<sup>th</sup> July**

London RISC-V Virtual Meetup

**Thursday 20<sup>th</sup> August (To be confirmed)**

Open Source Facial Recognition

**Thursday 17<sup>th</sup> September**

Women in Open Source

# Open Source Software for Scientific and Parallel Computing

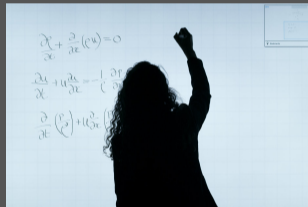


**Limitless** Storage  
**Limitless** Possibilities

<https://hps.vi4io.org>



Julian M. Kunkel



BCS Open Source Specialist Group Meeting

# Computational Science

- *“Applied computer science and mathematics that uses advanced computing capabilities to understand and solve complex problem” [Wikipedia]*
- Modeling and simulation of the laws of nature within computer systems
  - ▶ Serves experiment and fuels the refinements of theory in the scientific method
- The computer system is the vehicle for conducting the scientific experiment
  - ▶ Some experiments are too expensive, dangerous, infeasible in real world
  - ▶ Example: climate models, protein folding, fusion reaction, car engines, ...
- Enables the analysis of observational data to mine for knowledge
  - ▶ Examples: Cern/LHC, Square Kilometer Array (SKA), sensor networks
- Users: Scientists, PhD candidates, engineers

# High-Performance Computing (HPC)

- HPC: Field providing massive compute resources for a computational task
  - ▶ Task needs too much memory or time for a normal computer
  - ⇒ Enabler of scientific computing
- Supercomputer: aggregates power of many compute devices
  - ▶ Operated in a data center (public often funds centers)

## Example Supercomputer

### Oak Ridge National Lab: Summit

- Compute: 4,608 dual socket nodes
  - ▶ 6 GPUs per Node
  - ▶ Linpack: 148 Petaflop/s
- Storage: 200 Petabyte
  - ▶ NVM: 1.6 TB/Node
- Energy: 13 MW



# Open Source for Supercomputers & Data Centers

- Supercomputers run with Linux
- Majority of software to manage supercomputers is OS
  - ▶ Data center has typically support contracts with vendors
- Scientific software uses primarily OS libraries
- Scientific software is often OS (may also be restricted to scientists)
- Some independent software vendors primarily for industry applications

## Claim

- OS enables High-Performance Computing and accelerates science

# Agenda

- Open Source Software in High-Performance Computing  
*Shane Canon, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory/NERSC, USA*
- Lessons learned from creating/using the Ceph open-source storage system  
*Carlos Maltzahn, UC Santa Cruz, USA*
- High Performance Computing in a world of Data Science  
*Martin Callaghan, University of Leeds, UK*